Python String capitalize() Method

## print whatever alphabet convert the first letter into Capital , if numeric , no changes print the same

## Even capital letter in the middle will be converted as small letter

\_txt1 = "hello MyfrienNd"

x = \_txt1.capitalize()

print (x)

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txt = "36 is my age."

x = txt.capitalize()

print (x)

casefold()

##whatever capital will be converted into small

txt = "Hello, And Welcome To My World!"

x = txt.casefold()

print(x)

o/p - hello, and welcome to my world!

Center() ### print string the center of the text with mentioned space on both ends

#### syntax : string.center(length, character)

txt = "banana"

x = txt.center(20)

print(x)

o/p - banana

txt = "banana"

x = txt.center(20, "O")

print(x)

o/p - OOOOOOObananaOOOOOOO

txt = "bananaierajndiowdnowncoinci"

x = txt.center(100)

print(x)

o/p - bananaierajndiowdnowncoinci

txt = "I love apples, apple are my favorite fruit"

x = txt.count("i")

print(x)

o/p – 2

###it counts and tells the number of letter or strings

txt = "I love apples, apple are my favorite fruit"

x = txt.count("apple")

print(x)

o/p – 2

txt = "AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA"

x = txt.count("A", 0, 13)

y = txt.count("A", 1, 5)

print(x)

print(y)

o/p – 13

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String encode() Method – doubt

txt = "Hello, welcome to my world."

x = txt.endswith(",")

print(x)

o/p – false #####given boolean reply”

[expandtabs()](https://www.w3schools.com/python/ref_string_expandtabs.asp)

txt = "H\te\tl\tl\to"

print(txt)

print(txt.expandtabs())

print(txt.expandtabs(2))

print(txt.expandtabs(4))

print(txt.expandtabs(10))